Maths - Year 5

Calculating 2: Strategies for bridging when adding and subtracting mentally

K	ey Vocabulary	Mathematical Skills
Bridging	Partitioning the number to be added or subtracted to help with calculating.	 Make connections with bridging through multiples of 10 to bridge through multiples of 100 and 1000 when adding or subtracting. Fluent recall of adding and subtracting facts to 10 and 100 and use this to partition numbers in different ways. Use the inverse relationship between adding and subtracting to calculate efficiently. Explain and illustrate how they use whole hours as a bridge to solve problems with time. Illustrate, with apparatus, using whole numbers as a bridge when solving adding and subtracting problems involving fractions. Explain and illustrate how they use whole numbers as a bridge when solving adding and subtracting problems involving decimals. Explain and illustrate how they use bridging when solving adding and subtracting problems involving decimals.
Partition	Splitting a number in different ways.	
Denominations	The amount a number or object is split into.	
Improper fraction	A fraction where the numerator is larger than the denominator e.g. $\frac{9}{6}$	
Mixed number	A number written as a whole number and a fraction e.g. 2 ¾	
Mathematical Methods		
- Bridging through hundreds and thousands when adding e.g. 4 + 20 + 4 + 37 + 37 + 13 + 4 + 37 + 37 + 13 + 13 + 10 + 137 + 1		
- Using a bridging strategy to solve problems involving time.		
4:30 p.m.	30 mins 10 mins 5:00 p.m. 5:10 p.m. 2:	- 30 mins - 20 mins 30 p.m 20 mins - 20 mins - 20 mins - 20 mins - 20 mins - 20 mins - 20 mins
- Using a bridging strategy to solve problems involving fractions e.g.		
$\frac{4}{6} + \frac{5}{6} = 1$	$\frac{3}{6} \qquad \qquad$	
- Using a bridging strategy to solve		
problems involving adding + 2.4		
decimal numbe	ers. + 0.2 3.8 4	6·4 3·8 + 2·6

