

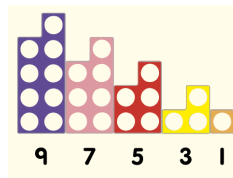
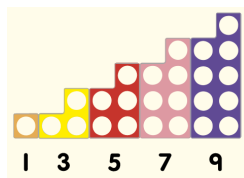
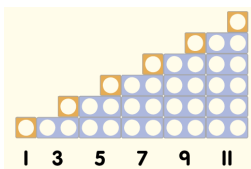
Maths - Year 3

Pattern and Algebra 4: Extending sequences and finding differences.

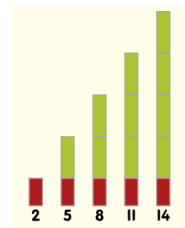
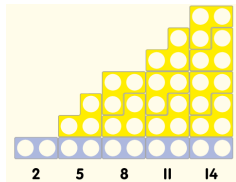
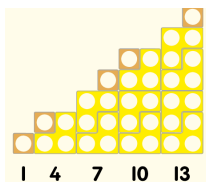
Key Vocabulary		Mathematical Skills
Step	Refers to the size of the interval between numbers in a sequence.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Look carefully at patterns and begin to notice a rule. - Connect increasing and decreasing patterns. - Compare consecutive numbers to find the difference. - Follow steps to find a rule, however the sequence is represented. - Explain rules for sequences using the words 'term', 'sequence', 'difference', 'increase', 'decrease'.
Consecutive numbers	Numbers that follow each other immediately in a sequence e.g. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 etc.	
Ordinal numbers	First, second, third, forth, fifth etc.	
term	One of the numbers in a sequence.	

Mathematical Methods

- Exploring the sequence of odd numbers.



- Looking for rules in sequences and following sequences on e.g.

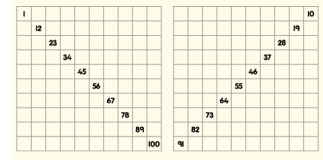
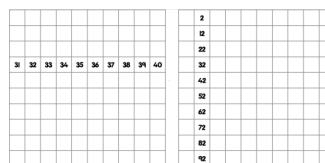


- Identifying the rules/steps in a sequence as the 'difference' between numbers.

- Exploring sequences with decreasing patterns.

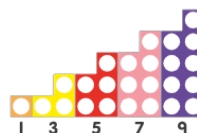
- Finding missing numbers in sequences.

- Identifying sequences on a hundred square.



Can you..?

- What will be the 7th term in Tia's sequence?



- Can you write a sequence with the rule - Multiples of 5 plus 2?

- Find a rule for this sequence: 41, 36, 31, 26, 21, 16, 11.

- Extend this sequence to the 10th term: 36, 33, 30, 27....