## Maths - Year 4

## Pattern and Algebra 5: Looking for growing patterns in problem solving

| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sequence | An ordered list of <br> numbers, shapes or <br> objects, e.g. 20, 25, 30... |
| Increasing | Getting larger in number <br> or size. |
| decreasing | Getting smaller in num- <br> ber or size. |

## Mathematical Skills

- Record growing patterns systematically using adding or multiplying.
- Record results systematically in a table.
- Use multiplying and dividing facts to calculate the values of terms in growing patterns.
- Compare the results of growing patterns in a table and notice patterns and relationships between the terms, the amount of Shapes used to make them and the position of the terms (first, second, third etc.)
- Notice patterns in the terms of doubling sequences.
- Work out rules for unfamiliar number sequences and devise rules to make up their own.


## Mathematical Methods

Making growing pictures with Numicon Shapes.


| Term | Shapes used | Total |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $5+1+1$ | 7 |
| 2 | $5+1+1+4+1$ | 12 |
| 3 | $5+1+1+4+1+4+1$ | 17 |
| 4 | $5+1+1+4+1+4+1+4+1$ | 22 |
| 5 | $5+1+1+4+1+4+1+4+1+4+1$ | 27 |

- Exploring growing patterns in problem solving e.g. we need to arrange some tables so that a class of 32 children can all sit together.


| Tables | Chairs |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 8 |
| 2 | 12 |
| 3 | 16 |
| 4 | 20 |


| Tables | Chairs |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $2 \times 4=8$ |
| 2 | $3 \times 4=12$ |
| 3 | $4 \times 4=16$ |
| 4 | $5 \times 4=20$ |
| 5 | $6 \times 4=24$ |
| 6 | $7 \times 4=28$ |
| 7 | $8 \times 4=32$ |

- Exploring growing number patterns.

- Exploring patterns with growing differences.


| Term | Shapes | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $1 \times 2$ | 2 |
| 2 | $3 \times 2$ | 6 |
| 3 | $6 \times 2$ | 12 |
| 4 | $10 \times 2$ | 20 |
| 5 | $15 \times 2$ | 30 |

Exploring doubling patterns in problems e.g. Ben is given a special money box for his eighth birthday. On his first birthday his parents had put $£ 1$ in it. They put in double this amount on his second birthday, and doubled the amount every year until his eighth birthday.

|  |  | 32 |  |  |  | $88$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ist | 2nd | 3rd | 4th | 5th | 6th | 7th | 8th |
| £1 | £2 | £4 | £8 | £16 | £32 | £64 | £128 |


| Birthday | Amounts added (£) | Total (£) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| Ist | I | I |
| 2nd | $1+2$ | 3 |
| 3rd | $1+2+4$ | 7 |
| 4th | $1+2+4+8$ | 15 |
| 5th | $1+2+4+8+16$ | 31 |
| 6th | $1+2+4+8+16+32$ | 63 |
| 7th | $1+2+4+8+16+32+64$ | 127 |
| 8th | $1+2+4+8+16+32+64+128$ | 255 |

## Can you..?

- Can you write a sequence for the number of chairs around these 2-shape tables? Continue it up to the 10th term.


Complete the sequence 3, $\square$ 17, 24, $\square 38$
Work out the sequence for the growing number of yellow counters.


